step-up transformer, the outage will not be counted for purposes of calculating that Resource's Equivalent Demand Forced Outage Rate.

5.12.6.5 Unforced Capacity, Outage Data and Operational Information Associated with External-to-ROS Deliverability Rights

The ISO shall calculate the availability of the External interface associated with each project granted EDRs, in accordance with ISO Procedures. The availability factor (percentage) of the interface will be used to reduce the amount of EDRs for which Unforced Capacity may be offered. This calculation is distinct from and in addition to the calculation the ISO performs for each Installed Capacity Resource qualified for use with EDRs.

5.12.7 Availability Requirements

Subsequent to qualifying, each Installed Capacity Supplier shall, except as noted in Section 5.12.11 of this Tariff, on a daily basis: (i) schedule a Bilateral Transaction; (ii) Bid Energy in each hour of the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (iii) notify the ISO of any outages.

Beginning with the Capability Year beginning May 1, 2025, each Installed Capacity Supplier shall, except as noted in Section 5.12.11 of this Tariff, be able to reach lower operating limit (LOL)/minimum generation with no more than 24 hours' notice, for any and all days for which the 2-day ahead forecast of those days is equal to or exceeds 90% of the baseline seasonal peak demand forecast for NYCA if the ICAP Supplier is located in Zones A-F, or the baseline seasonal peak forecast for the Locality or Localities in which the ICAP Supplier is located. During the winter capability period, the Generators described in 5.12.1.11.2 are exempted from this rule on days when they are actively providing steam for purposes defined in 5.12.1.11.2. The baseline seasonal peak demand forecasts are published annually in Section I of the NYISO's Load and Capacity Report ("Gold Book") just prior to the upcoming Capability Year. This startup capability shall be reflected in the ICAP Suppliers' DAM offer parameters as part of its bidding obligations, and in response to a NYISO SRE call, when this threshold is met.

The baseline seasonal peak forecast for the G-J Locality refers to the non-coincident G-to-J locality's forecasted baseline seasonal peak (Gold Book: Baseline Peak Demand in G-to-J Locality, Historical & Forecast). The baseline seasonal peak forecast for Zones J and K refer to forecasted baseline seasonal non-coincident zonal peaks for each of these zones (For Summer: Gold Book: Baseline Summer Non-Coincident Peak Demand, Historical & Forecast; For Winter: Gold Book: Baseline Winter Non-Coincident Peak Demand, Historical & Forecast). NYCA peak refers to NYCA baseline seasonal coincident peak (Gold Book: NYCA Baseline Energy and Demand Forecasts). All these peaks during the summer capability period are equivalent to their corresponding ICAP peak forecast.

Until the Capability Year that begins in May 2024, Installed Capacity Suppliers with Energy Duration Limitations corresponding to a Duration Adjustment Factor, as described in Section 5.12.14 below, must on a daily basis during the Peak Load Window and for the number of consecutive hours that correspond to its Energy Duration Limitation, or for the entirety of the Peak Load Window for an Energy Storage Resource : (i) schedule a Bilateral Transaction; (ii) Bid Energy in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (iii) notify the ISO of any outages.

Starting with the Capability Year that begins in May 2024, Installed Capacity Suppliers with Energy Duration Limitations less than or equal in length to the number of hours comprising the applicable Peak Load Window, must on a daily basis during the Peak Load Window and for at least the number of consecutive hours that correspond to its Energy Duration Limitation, or for the entirety of the Peak Load Window for an Energy Storage Resource: (i) schedule a Bilateral Transaction; (ii) Bid Energy in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (iii) notify the ISO of any outages. Installed Capacity Suppliers with Energy Duration Limitations greater in length than the number of hours comprising the Peak Load Window, must on a daily basis during the entirety of the applicable Peak Load Window and for additional hours immediately preceding and following the Peak Load Window covering the remaining hours of the Installed Capacity Supplier's Energy Duration Limitation that are not captured in the Peak Load Window, as specified in ISO Procedures: (i) schedule a Bilateral Transaction; (ii) Bid Energy in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (iii) notify the ISO of any outages.

The ISO may adjust the Peak Load Window that Installed Capacity Suppliers with Energy Duration Limitations will be responsible for scheduling, bidding, or notifying for, with scheduling or bidding in hours outside the Peak Load Window in Section 5.12.14. An RMR Generator can only schedule a Bilateral Transaction to the extent expressly authorized in its RMR Agreement.

The total amount of Energy that an Installed Capacity Supplier schedules, bids, or declares to be unavailable on a given day must equal or exceed the Installed Capacity Equivalent of the Unforced Capacity it supplies.

For Energy Storage Resources without an Energy Duration Limitation, the total amount of Energy that is scheduled, Bid, or declared to be unavailable shall also include the maximum of the Energy Storage Resource's (i) negative Installed Capacity Equivalent, or (ii) Lower Operating Limit, such that amount scheduled, Bid, or declared to be unavailable reflects the entire withdrawal to injection operating range. Until the Capability Year that begins in May 2024, Energy Storage Resources with an Energy Duration Limitation must, on a daily basis, and for each hour outside of the Peak Load Window: (i) Bid in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (ii) notify the ISO of any outages, the maximum of the Energy Storage Resource's (a) negative Installed Capacity Equivalent, or (b) Lower Operating Limit. The amount scheduled, Bid, and/or declared to be unavailable must reflect the Energy Storage Resource's entire withdrawal operating range.

Starting with the Capability Year that begins in May 2024, Energy Storage Resources with an Energy Duration Limitation less than or equal in length to the number of hours comprising the applicable Peak Load Window must, on a daily basis, and for each hour beyond the Peak Load Window: (i) Bid in the Day-Ahead Market in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (ii) notify the ISO of any outages, the maximum of the Energy Storage Resource's (a) negative Installed Capacity Equivalent, or (b) Lower Operating Limit. Energy Storage Resources with an Energy Duration Limitation greater in length than the number of hours comprising the applicable Peak Load Window must, on a daily basis, and for each hour beyond the hours that the Energy Storage Resources must schedule, bid, or declare to be unavailable in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (ii) notify the ISO of any outages, the maximum of this Tariff; or (ii) notify the ISO of any outages, the maximum of the Energy Storage Resource's (a) negative Installed Capacity Equivalent, or (b) Lower 0, or declared to be unavailable in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 5.12.1 of this Tariff; or (ii) notify the ISO of any outages, the maximum of the Energy Storage Resource's (a) negative Installed Capacity Equivalent, or (b) Lower Operating Limit. The amount scheduled, Bid, and/or declared to be unavailable must reflect the Energy Storage Resource's entire withdrawal operating range.

5.12.7.1 Co-located Storage Resource Availability Requirements

In addition to independently satisfying the requirements of Section 5.12.7 for each Generator that participates in a Co-located Storage Resource, each Installed Capacity Supplier must, on a daily basis, and for each hour of the Day-Ahead Market Day: (i) provide a CSR injection Scheduling Limit; and (ii) notify the ISO of any derate or outage to the interconnection facilities comprising the point of interconnection. The sum of the CSR injection Scheduling Limit and the derate or outage must equal or exceed the sum of the Installed Capacity Equivalent of the Unforced Capacity supplied by the Intermittent Power Resource and the applicable Section 5.12.7 hourly Bid, Schedule, or Notify obligation of the Energy Storage Resource. Each Installed Capacity Supplier must also on a daily basis, and for each hour of the Day-Ahead Market Day: (i) provide a CSR withdrawal Scheduling Limit; and (ii) notify the ISO of any derate or outage to the interconnection facilities comprising the point of interconnection. The sum of the CSR withdrawal Scheduling Limit and the derate or outage must equal or exceed the Energy Storage Resource's applicable 5.12.7 hourly Bid, Schedule, or Notify obligation.

5.12.8 Unforced Capacity Sales

Each Installed Capacity Supplier will, after satisfying the deliverability requirements set forth in the applicable provisions of Attachment X, Attachment Z and Attachment S to the ISO OATT, be authorized to supply an amount of Unforced Capacity during each Obligation Procurement Period, based on separate seasonal Unforced Capacity calculations performed by the ISO for the Summer and Winter Capability Periods. Unforced Capacity may be sold in six-month strips, or in monthly, or multi-monthly segments.

External Unforced Capacity (except External Installed Capacity associated with External UDRs) may only be offered into Capability Period Auctions or Monthly Auctions for the Rest of State, and ICAP Spot Market Auctions for the NYCA, and may not be offered into a Locality for an ICAP Auction. Bilateral Transactions which certify External Unforced Capacity using Import Rights, EDRs, or External CRIS Rights may not be used to satisfy a Locational Minimum Unforced Capacity Requirement.